

The world's best thinkers on energy & climate





Global Change and Oceans Fall 2013

APR 20 2003

Textbook pages 116 - 161





INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON CLIMATE CHANGE

IPCC

The Atmosphere is very small



Data From Murphy et al 2009, Domingues et al 2008 Graph from http://www.skepticalscience.com/

OCEAN SURFACE TEMPERATURES



70% OF LAND IS IN NORTHERN HEMISPHERE



Equatorial Basins

Southern Basins

Change (SeaWiFS-CZCS) Sea Surface Temperature [1979 – 2002]

North Atlantic

Northern Basins

Sea Surface Temperature (Race Rocks lighthouse, Victoria)



Reefs at Risk Major Observed Threats to the World's Coral Reefs





Source: Bryant et al., Reefs at Risk; a Map-Based Indicator of Threats to the World's Coral Reefs, World Resources Institute (WRI), Washington DC, 1998.



BLEACHING OF CORAL REEFS BY OCEAN TEMPS > 85deg







Net Primary Productivity (grams Carbon per m² per year)

CHANGE IN OCEAN NPP [1979 – 2002]





 CO₂ is corrosive to the shells and skeletons of many marine organisms

Corals



Photo: Missouri Botanical Gardens

Calcareous plankton



http://www.biol.tsukuba.ac.jp/~inouye

Ocean Acidification

Over the last 200 years, about 50% of all CO₂ produced on earth has been absorbed by the ocean. (Royal Society 6/05)



Ocean Acidification



Since 1850, ocean pH has decreased by about 0.1 unit (30% increase in acidity). (Royal Society 2006)

At present rate of CO₂ emission, pH predicted to increase by 0.4 units (3-fold increase in H ions) by 2100.

Carbonate ion concentrations decrease.





PDI = Potential Destructiveness Index

Emanuel, Nature 4 August 2005

Increase in Category 4-5 Hurricanes 1970 - 2004



Webster et al, Science, Sept 16 2005

North Atlantic hurricanes have increased with SSTs



SEA LEVEL RISE

Sea-level Rise Projections Include:

Park Servi

•ocean expansion resulting from increased water temperatures;

•meltwater runoff from mountain glaciers around the world; and

•a contribution due to increased ice flow from Greenland and Antarctica **at the rates observed for 1993-2003**.

Source: IPCC Climate Change 2007: The Physical

IPCC - WGI

Sea-level Rise Projections DO NOT Include:

Ice sheet instability

•Carbon dioxide uptake changes

IPCC: "Larger values cannot be excluded, but understanding of these effects is too limited to assess their likelihood or provide a best estimate or an upper bound for sea-level rise."

Source: IPCC Climate Change 2007: The Physical

IPCC - WGI

Threshold risks:

Some models do suggest that sustained warming between 2-7°F above today's global average temperature would initiate irreversible melting of the Greenland ice sheet—which could ultimately contribute about 23 feet to sea-level rise.

Source: IPCC *Climate Change 2007: The Physical Science Basis*—Summary for Policymakers.

PCC - WGI

Sea Level Risks - Bangladesh

0 1 2 3 5 8 12 20 35 60 80 Height Above Sea Level (m)

Iron in the Oceans

- Sources of naturally occurring iron
 - Volcanic coastal shelves
 - Dust in blown in from land
 - Upwellings

 Role in ecosystems

 Key nutrient that helps plants take up nitrogen

"Give me a few oil tankers full of iron, and I'll give you an ice age."

– John Martin, WHOI Scientist

Cashing in on Carbon Offsets

- Climos taking over with \$3.5 million in funding
- Planktos bottom up after Galapagos proposal

Will the Carbon stay sequestered long enough to help?

NOPE!