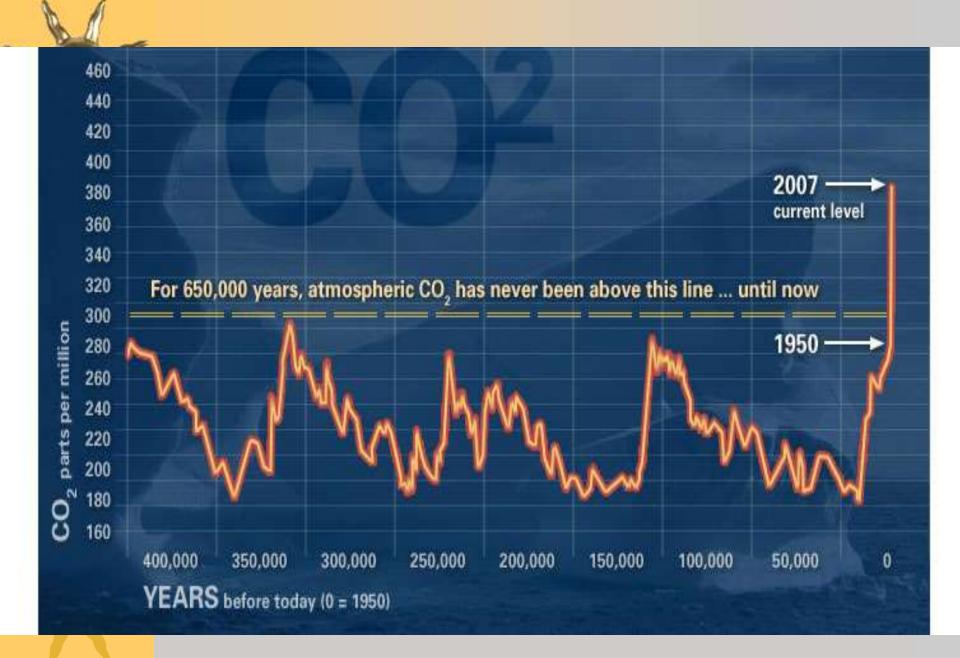
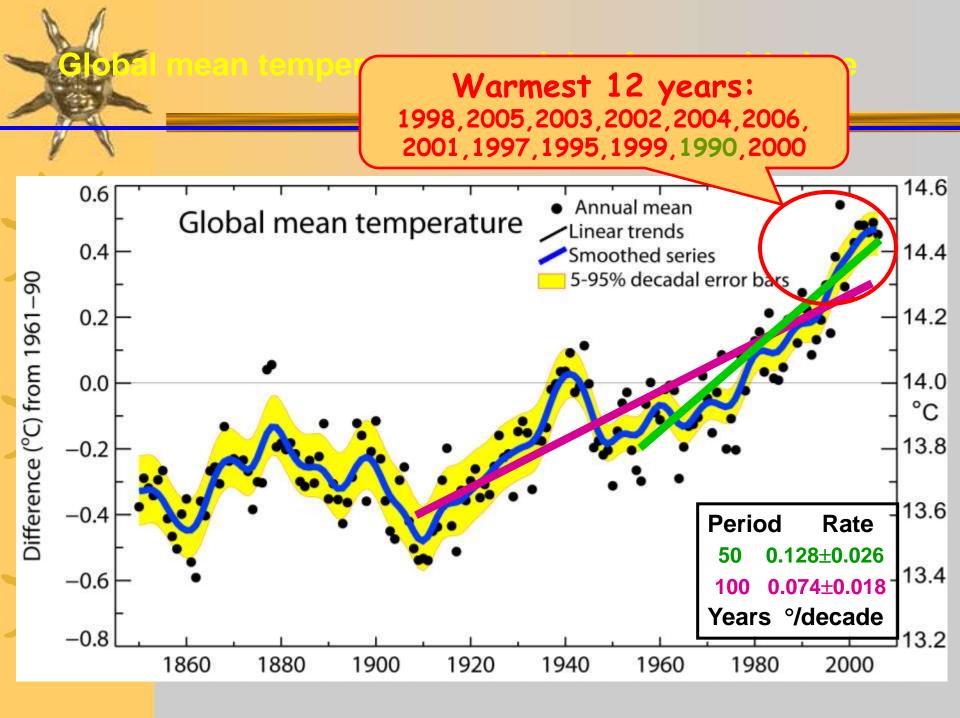
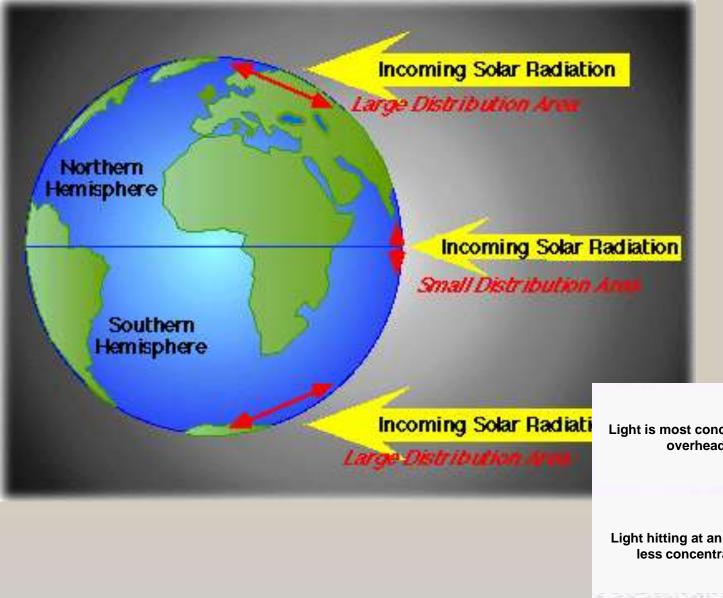


OBSERVATORY, HAWAII MC NCENTRATION ML0-145 Ρ nton hundundu (PPM) <u>identi di anti</u> CONCENTRATION. WW. C02 F Ē 64 66 84 86 88 94 96 YEAR 19 - May - 05



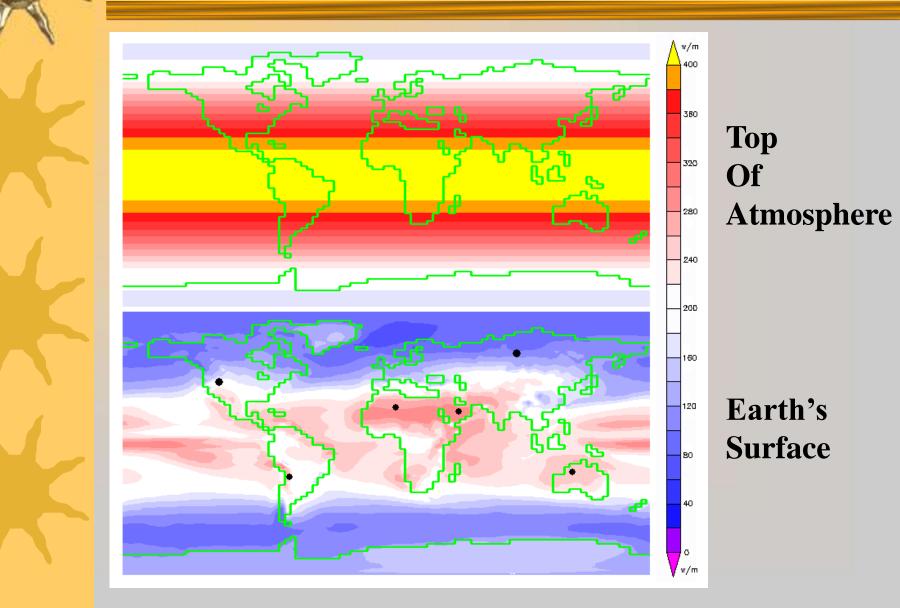




Light is most concentrated from an overhead source

Light hitting at an angle is less concentrated

Annual Average Insolation



Arctic Circle (66.5° N) — Tropic of Cancer (23.5° N) — Equator —

Tropic of Capricorn (23.5° S) -

Orbit

Vernal Equinox March 21–22 Incoming solar energy equal in both hemispheres

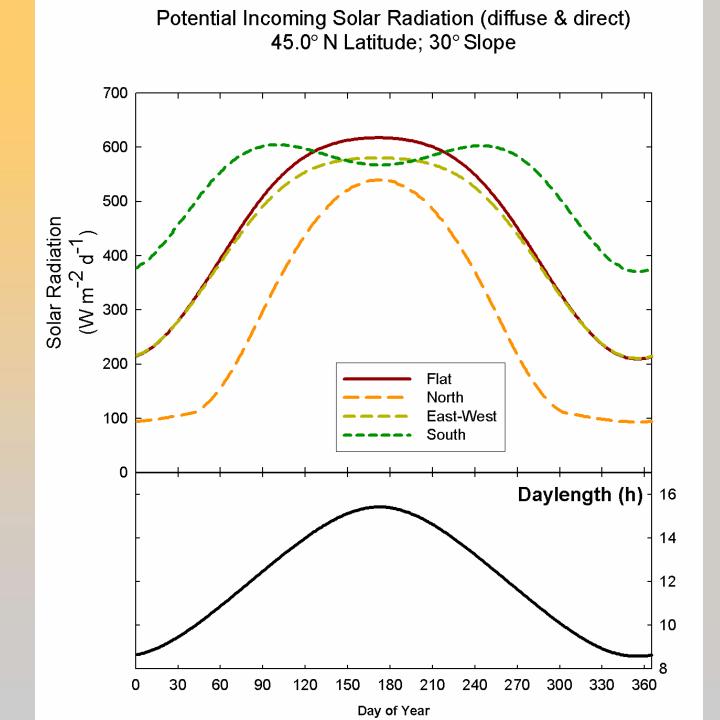
231/2°

Summer Solstice June 21–22 Incoming solar energy greatest in Northern Hemisphere Sun

Earth

Autumnal in S Equinox Hen September 22–23 Incoming solar energy equal in both hemispheres

Winter Solstice December 21–22 Incoming solar energy greatest in Southern Hemisphere



Important Radiation Laws & Concepts

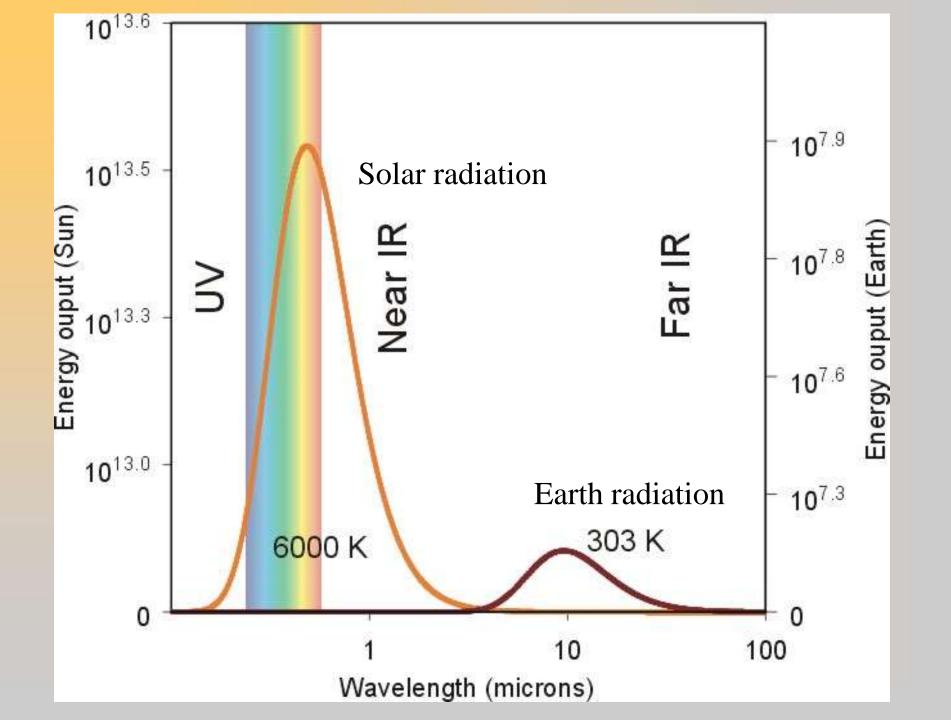
Wien's Law

 $\lambda_{\rm m}$ (µm) = 2897 / T

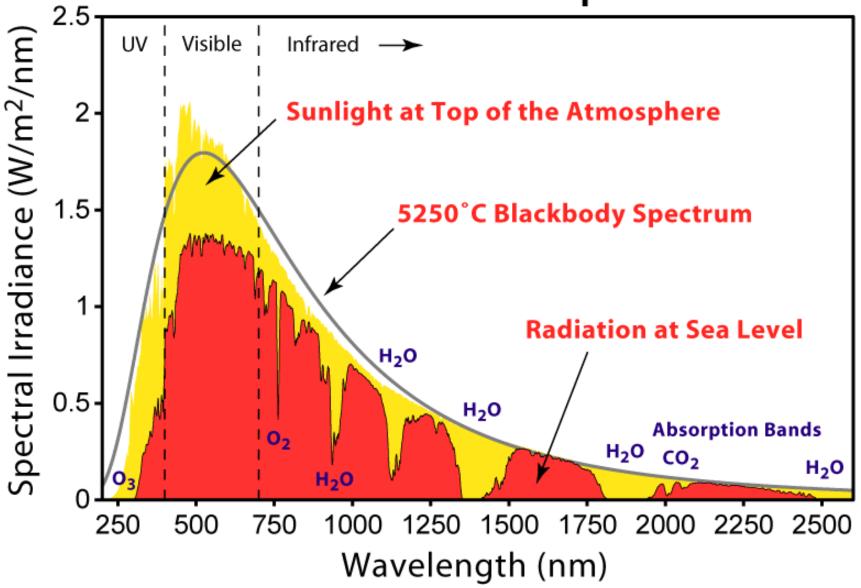
 $\lambda_m \equiv$ wavelength of maximum intensity; the higher the temperature, the shorter the wavelength & the more intense the light

Wilhelm Wien (1864-1928)





Solar Radiation Spectrum





Important Radiation Laws & Concepts

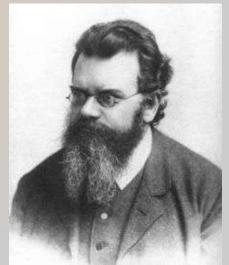
Stefan-Boltzmann Law

$\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{\sigma} \times \mathbf{T}^4$

Jožef Stefan (1835-1893)



Ludwig Boltzmann (1844-1906)







Radiation

Conduction

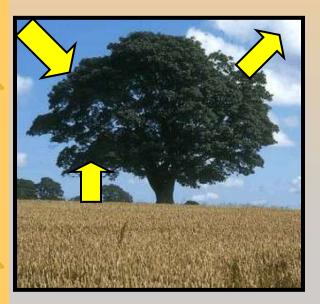
Convection



Important Radiation Laws & Concepts

Net radiation

Rn = incoming - outgoing $Rn = (1 - \alpha)I_s + E_L \sigma T^4(surface) - \sigma T^4(sky)$



α is *albedo*, which is the reflectivity of a surface

fresh snow has a high albedo (0.9)dark forest has a low albedo (0.05 - 0.15)light colored soils are in between (0.4 - 0.5)mean albedo for earth ≈ 0.36



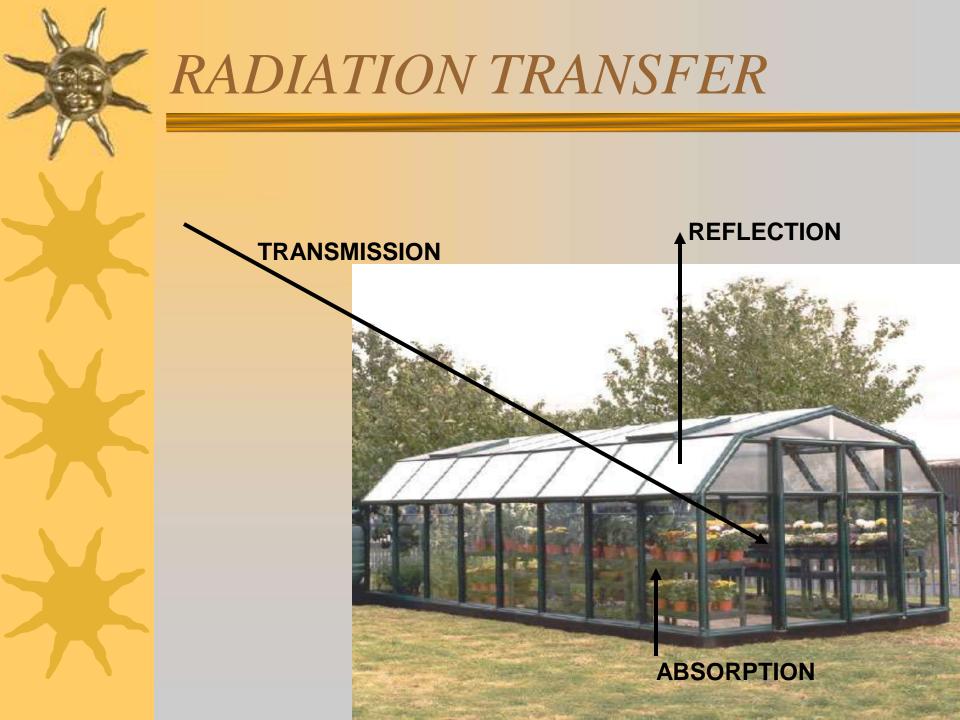


$\beta = H / \lambda E$



 $\beta = 10 / 1 = 10$

 $\beta = 10 / 100 = 0.1$



The Greenhouse Effect

Some solar radiation is reflected by the Earth and the atmosphere

Solar radiation passes through the clear atmosphere

> Infrared radiation is emitted from the Earth's Surface

Some of the infrared radiation passes through the atmosphere,

and some is absorbed and

re-emitted in all

directions by greenhouse gas

molecules. The

effect of this

is to warm

the Earth's surface and

atmosphere.

the lower



Svante Arrhenius

John Tyndall



Most radiation is absorbed by the Earth's surface and warms it

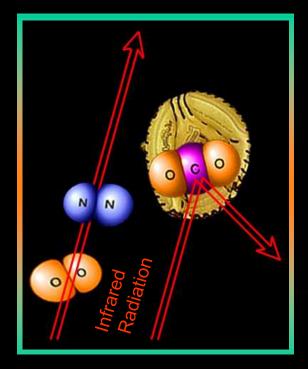
Pollution is the Primary Cause

The "Greenhouse gases" (e.g., carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, CFC's) trap heat in the earth's atmosphere.

Greenhouse gases in atmosphere

Solar energy passes through

Radiant heat is trapped



Science understood since 1859 - John Tyndall



Greenhouse Gases

- ★ Water vapor (H₂O)
- ***** Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- ***** Methane (CH_4)
- ***** Other Direct
 - Nitrous oxide (N₂O)
 - Fluorocarbons
- ***** Other Indirect
 - Carbon monoxide (CO)
 - Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)

Greenhouse Gases – Water Vapor

- *****Most abundant and important GHG
- Keeps earth warm enough for liquid water to form
- *Varies in concentration in the lower atmosphere from nearly 0% to 4%
- *Not considered important in anthropogenic climate change
 - Naturally correcting

Greenhouse Gases – CO₂

- * 2nd most important GHG
 - 0.038% (380 ppm)
- *** Largest emission of GHG in US (82% of all GHGs)**
 - Fossil fuel emission is only significant source of "non-natural" CO₂
- *** Projected to grow to to 0.06% (600 ppm) by 2050**
- ***** Sinks:
 - Sedimentary rock "Lithification"
 - Very slow, not relevant to current climate change
 - Ocean
 - 52X as much C as atmosphere; 19X as much as soils + biosphere
 - Marine phytoplankton
 - Soils humus
 - Biosphere actively growing vegetation (esp. forests)
 - 30% of earth is land, 30% of land is forests (9% of earth)
 - Most important are tropical forests

Greenhouse Gases – CH₄

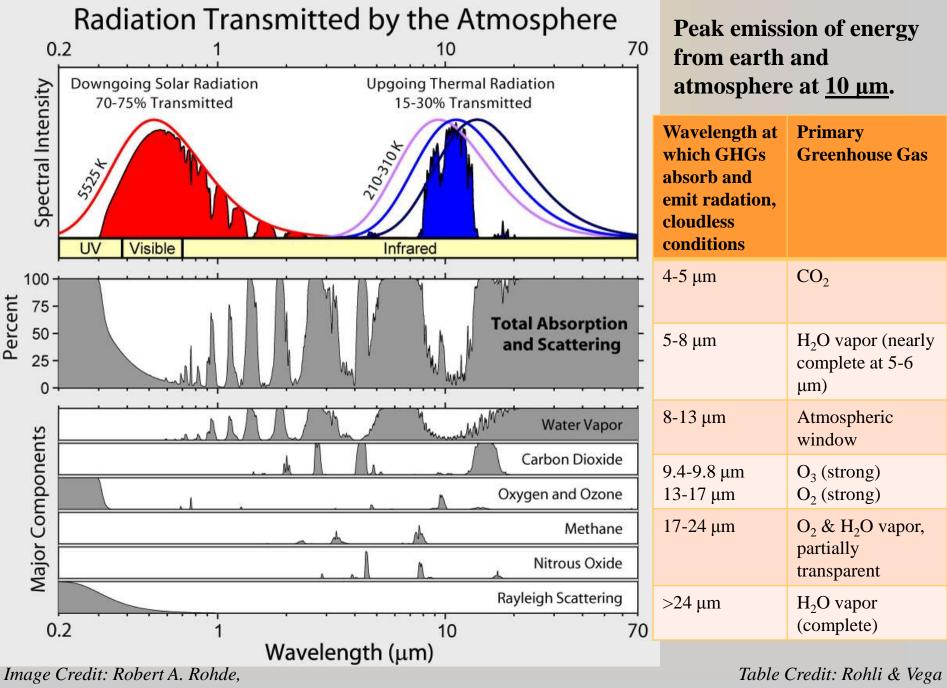
Until recently it was assumed to play a minor role

Concentration is 1.7 ppm (0.00017%)

10X more efficient than CO₂ as a GHG
Increased greatly since Industrial Revolution

Around 0.8 ppm for 160,000 years prior

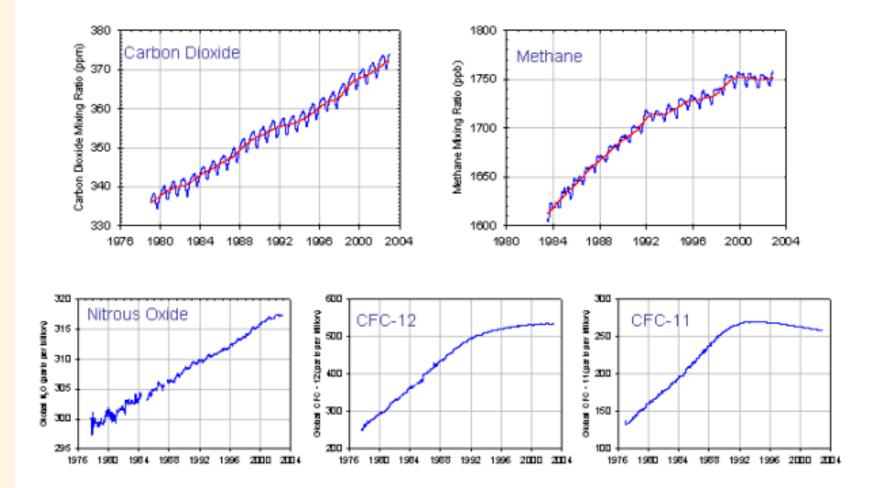
Net emissions of CH₄
Methane hydrates



Global Warming Art

Climatology, 2008

Global Trends in Major Greenhouse Gases to 1/2003



Global trends in major long-lived greenhouse gases through the year 2002. These five gases account for about 97% of the direct climate forcing by long-lived greenhouse gas increases since 1750. The remaining 3% is contributed by an assortment of 10 minor halogen gases, mainly HCFC-22, CFC-113 and CCI.

Image Credit: Robert A. Rohde, Global Warming Art

Annual Greenhouse Gas Emissions by Sector

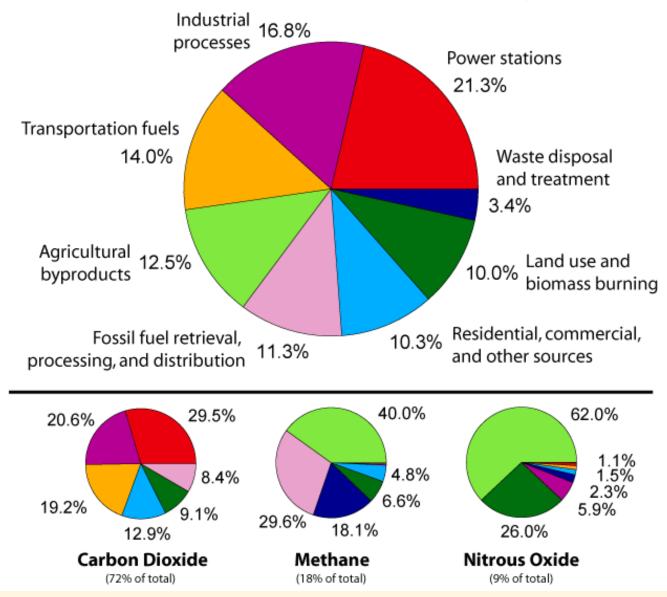
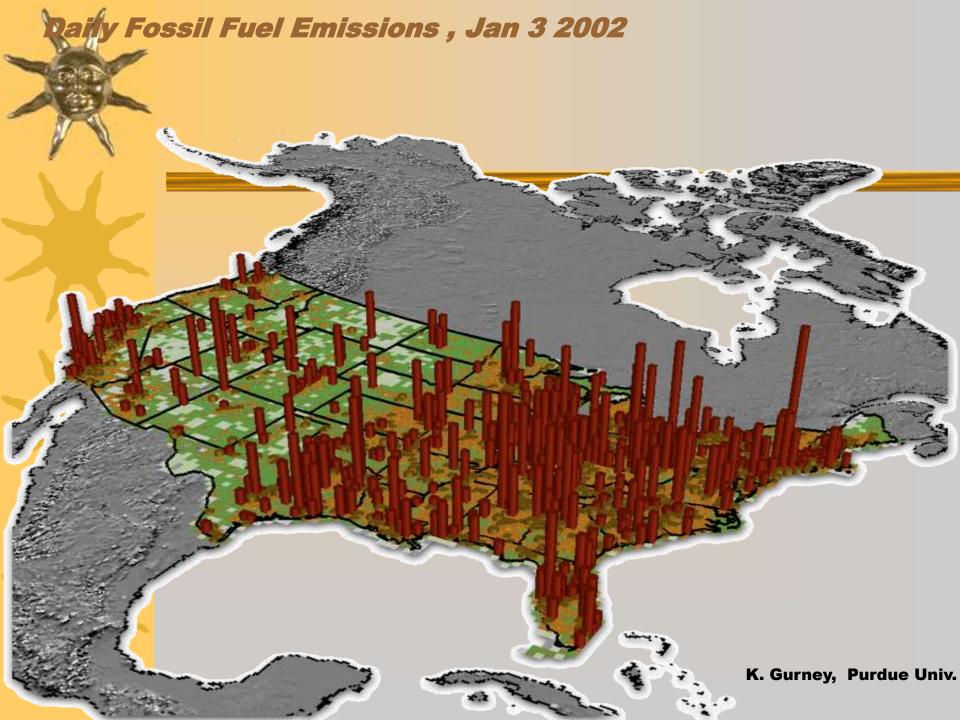


Image Credit: Robert A. Rohde, Global Warming Art



Partition of Anthropogenic Carbon Emissions into Sinks

[2000-2006]

45% of all CO₂ emissions accumulated in the atmosphere



The Airborne Fraction

The fraction of the annual anthropogenic emissions that remains in the atmosphere

55% were removed by natural sinks











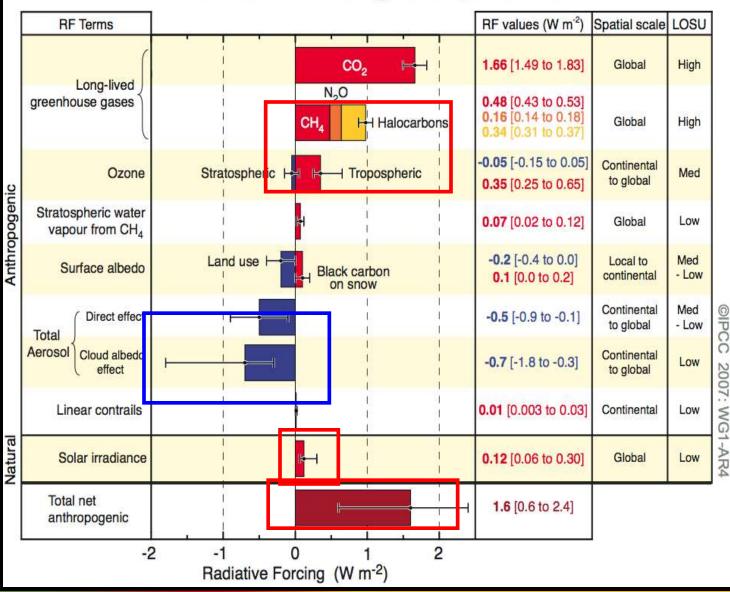
Human and Natural Drivers of Climate Change

PCC - WGI

Radiative Forcing Components

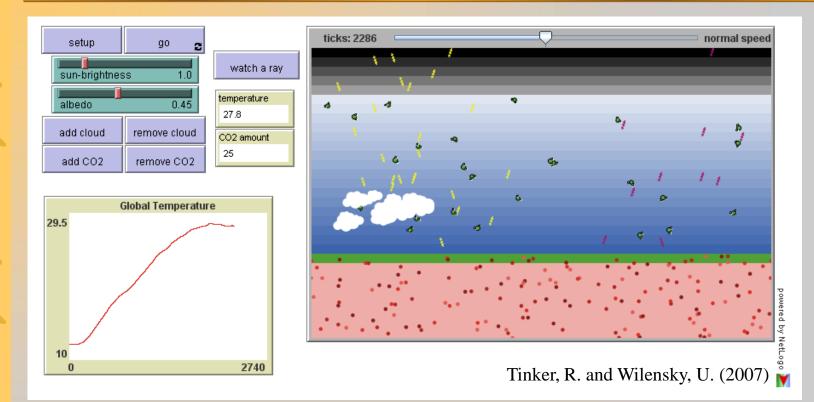
1.6 W m⁻² warms like 1.6 Xmas tree lights over every m² on Earth.

Carbon dioxide is causing the bulk of the forcing, and it lives a long time in our atmosphere so every year of emission means commitments to climate change for future generations.



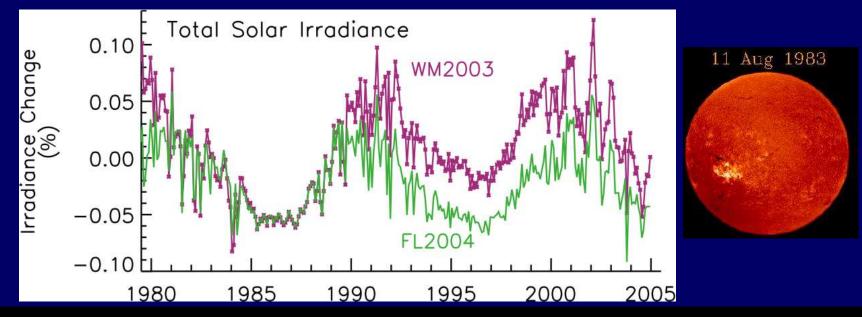
The Greenhouse Model

http://ccl.northwestern.edu/netlogo/models/ClimateChange



The Greenhouse Model is not a climate model; it is an energy balance model.

Better and longer satellite data about the Sun



Improved assessment:

a) no observed trend in solar irradiance since 1978 using high quality inter-calibrated data; b) spectral information c) solar magnetic flux model rather than proxy data; d) re-evaluation of variations in Sun-like stars.

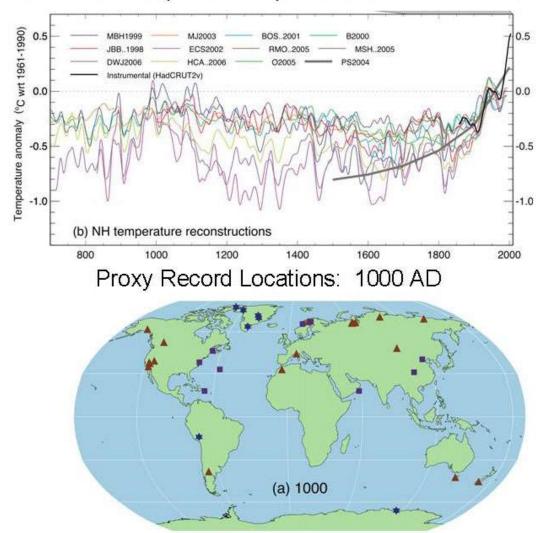
Solar irradiance forcing much smaller than GHG.

Paleoclimate: New and Independent Evidence From Many Types of Past Data

PCC - WGI

eg., changes in glaciers suggest global average temperature change in the 20th century consistent with the thermometers. And the corals. And the tree rings. And the boreholes. And the ice cores.

Last 50 yrs very likely warmest in last 500 yrs; likely warmest in 1300 yrs.



Northern Hemisphere Temperature Reconstructions



1911: Milutin Milankovitch proposes:

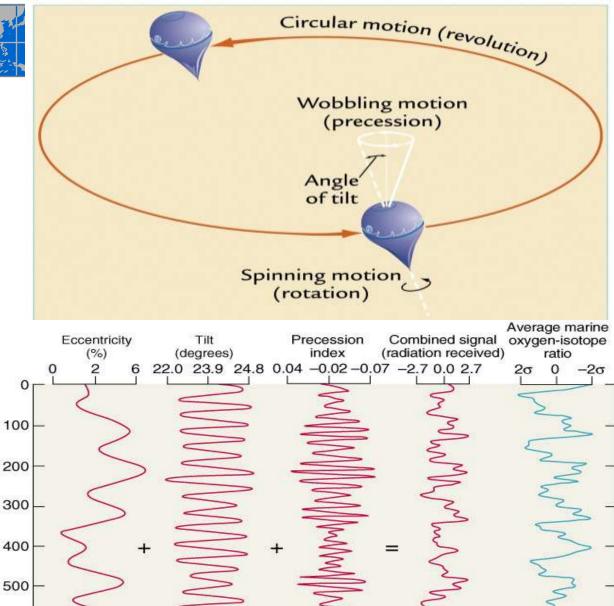
- All 3 cycles (23, 41, & 100 KYA) together control ice ages
- Summer insolati is driver

Time (thousands of years ago)

600

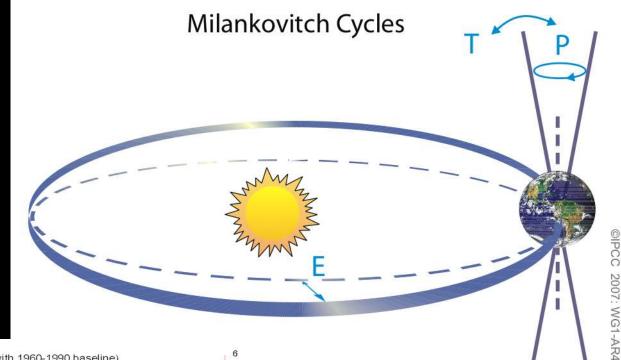
700

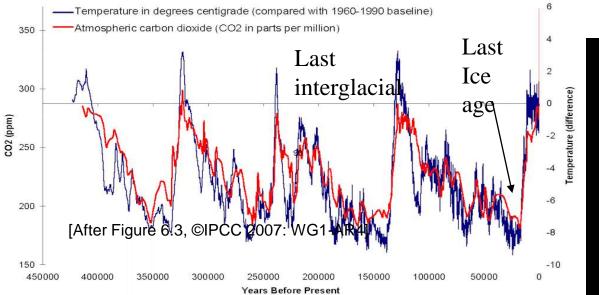
800



Credit: Anna Klene

Ice Age Forcing and Response





Ice ages were not random they were forced too.....