









Peak Oil?



US Energy Flow in Quads













Biomass Definition

 Any renewable organic matter such as agricultural crops, cropwaste residues, wood, animal and municipal wastes, aquatic plants and fungal growth used for the production of energy.

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Biomass Utilization

- Biopower
- Biofuels
 - Ethanol
 - Methanol
 - Biodiesel
 - Methane
 - Producer gas
- Bioproducts lubes, composites

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The Promise of Biomass

- Renewable
- Abundant
- Carbon Neutral
- Diffuse
- Global
- Helps Agriculture, Forest
- Multiuse
 - Food
 - Shelter
 - Energy
 - Materials

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The Problem with Biomass

- Costly to gather
- Low energy density
- Low physical density
- Moisture content
- Costly to transport
- Additional processing

- Arable land competition
- Water resources
- Fuel vs. feed
- Deforestation

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US Annual Biomass Potential



Feedstock Breakout



US Installed Biomass Generation

Type of Biomass	Number of	Capacity, MW
	Installations	
Wood	259	5,332
Pulping Liquor	6	443
Bagasse and Other Agricultural Residue	39	669
Digester Gas	61	112
Landfill Gas	174	583
Tires	3	69
Total (Above + Other Sources)	678	10,006

Source: Adapted From Table 5-2 T.C. Schweizer, et al., EPRI Report No. TR-111893 (1998).

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Montana Biomass Resource



Criteria for Biomass Development

- Residues/wastes utilized
- Does not compete with food/feed
- Energy crops on unused or marginal lands
- Minimizes or eliminates resources
 - Irrigation, tilling, pesticides, herbicides
- Regionally produced and consumed

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Bio-Ethanol Debate

"Ethanol fuel from corn faulted as 'unsustainable subsidized food burning' in analysis by Cornell scientist" Cornell News Headline, 8/16/2001

Author: David Pimentel

 Current studies estimate 25% to 35% more energy derived than invested.

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Ethanol Energy Balance



Ethanol Summary

Authors and Date	NEV [Btu]	
Pimentel (1991)	-33,517	
Pimentel (2001)	-33,562	
Keeney and DeLuca (1992)	-8,438	
Marland and Turhollow (1990)	18,154	
Lorenz and Morris (1995)	30,589	
Но (1989)	-4,000	
Agri.and Agri-Food, CAN (1999)	29,826	
Wang et al. (1999)	22,500	
Shapouri et al. (1995)	20,436	
Kim and Dale (2002)	23,886 - 35,463	

Pimentel Critique



- His value for energy required to produce ethanol and the ethanol yield date from pre-1980
- His figures for energy to produce fertilizer are 1990 world-wide values, not recent U.S. values
- He assumes all corn is irrigated (only 16% is)
 virtually no irrigated corn is converted to ethanol
- He does not properly assign an energy credit for the high protein DDGS co-product

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US Ethanol Capacity





Biodiesel Facts

Lower energy content than Diesel

Biodiesel: 118,296 BTUs per gallon
 No. 2 Diesel: 129,500 BTUs per gallon
 Source National Biodiesel Board

Energy Lifecycle

3.2 units of energy are produced for each energy unit used

Source NREL

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US Bio Diesel Production



Climate Choice

Advancing technologies that protect the climate **Technologies** | <u>About Climate Choice</u> | <u>How to Participate</u> | <u>Program Benefits</u> | <u>Nominate a Technology</u> | <u>Home</u>

Technologies

In March 2008, EPA announced its first three climate choice technologies:

Micro-Combined Heat and Power (CHP) for residential homes. By generating heat and electricity for the home, this technology reduces greenhouse gas emissions and electricity demand. Learn more about Micro CHP.

High-efficiency outdoor area lighting. Advances in outdoor area lighting offer substantial energy savings and reduced maintenance. Learn more about high-efficiency outdoor area lighting.

Advanced new home construction: a technology package to minimize carbon emissions from newly constructed houses. <u>Learn</u> <u>more about advanced new home construction</u>.

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Downdraft Gasification

- 1st explored in late 1600's
- Used in WWII by Swedes & Germans
- Updated technology
 - Computerized
 - Advanced process control
- Combined heat & power
- Modular & portable
- Scalable: 5 50 kW



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Biomass & the Environment



Other Alternative Fuels

- Natural gas
- Propane, lpg
- Hybrid
- Hydrogen
- Electric
- Compressed air

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Hydrogen





Compressed Air

- 68 mph
- 125 mile range
- 5 minute refill
- On-board compressor
- **5000 psi**
- **\$13,000**
- India 2009

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Conventional Mass Transit

- Massive Costs
 - 10 to 100's million \$
- Limited coverage
- Schedule
- Frequent stops
- Often crowded
- Inconvenient
- High maintenance & operating costs

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Personal Rapid Transport



Summary

- Biomass has vast potential and will play an increasing role in the new energy paradigm
- Focus should be on utilizing residues and marginal lands
- Bio ethanol has a positive energy balance
- Biofuels improve environment, economy, and national security

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